



Math Help Sheet: Solving Percentage Problems

We encounter percentage problems in everyday life, such as when a sales tax is added to the cost of purchase or we determine the tip at a restaurant.

To determine what percentage of the full amount you would pay, first add the percentage of the full price (100%) and the percentage of the full price you plan to add to the full amount. If the sales tax on an item is 7.5%, then you are paying 100% + 7.5%; your total will be 107.5% of the item price at checkout.

Let's look at an example where the item cost \$60 and the sales tax is 7.5%.

You pay 107.5% of \$60

$$1.00 + .075 = 1.075$$

$$1.075 \times 60 = 64.50$$

The total you would pay is \$64.50

We handle percentage problems by first writing them in the form $A\% \times B = C$, where one of the three values is unknown. This leads us to three types of problems.

$$A\% \times B = \underline{\quad} \quad \rightarrow \quad \underline{\quad} = A\% \times B \text{ is the procedure.}$$

$$A\% \times \underline{\quad} = C \quad \rightarrow \quad \underline{\quad} = C \div A\% \text{ is the procedure.}$$

$$\underline{\quad}\% \times B = C \quad \rightarrow \quad \underline{\quad}\% = C \div B \text{ is the procedure.}$$

While in the store you noticed an item priced at \$36. The store adds 7.5% sales tax. How much would it cost with tax?

$$\text{So, } A\% = 100\% + 7.5\% = 107.5\% = 1.075$$

$$A\% \times B = C$$

$$1.075 \times 36 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} = A\% \times B$$

$$1.075 \times 36 = 38.70 \text{ or } \$38.70$$

We start by writing the general formula.

We plug in our known values.

Use the proper procedure.

Calculate.

You go back to the store at a later date with \$15 in your pocket. How much can you buy and not exceed \$15 at checkout? We know $A\% = 1.075$.

$$A\% \times B = C$$

$$1.075 \times \underline{\quad} = 15$$

$$\underline{\quad} = C \div A\%$$

$$\underline{\quad} = 15 \div 1.075 = 13.95 \text{ or } \$13.95$$

We start by writing the general formula.

We plug in our known values.

Use the proper procedure.

Calculate.

Suppose you paid \$21.50 for a \$20 item at a store. What was the percentage of sales tax?

The amount of tax added is $\$21.50 - \$20 = \$1.50$. So what percent of \$20 is \$1.50?

$$A\% \times B = C$$

$$\underline{\quad} \% \times 20 = 1.50$$

$$\underline{\quad} \% = C \div B$$

$$\underline{\quad} \% = 1.50 \div 20 = 0.075 = 7.5\%$$

We start by writing the general formula.

We plug in our known values.

Use the proper procedure.

Calculate.

Now You Try It!

Many restaurant patrons leave cash amounting to at least 15% of the total bill (including tax) on the table in appreciation for good wait service. This gratuity is important income for the wait staff.

Problem 1

You and a friend have enjoyed a fine meal with attentive service. The total bill amounted to \$18.33, which your friend agrees to pay provided you leave a good tip on the table. How much money should you leave if you wish to give the standard 15% gratuity?

Problem 2

Suppose the total bill amounted to \$29.41, which your friend agrees to pay provided you leave a good tip on the table. You consider leaving \$5 since you have no change. What percentage tip would this be?

Problem 3

You have \$30 and plan to treat a friend to a fine meal. You plan to pay the standard 15% gratuity, plus 7.5% tax. What is the maximum amount on a total bill that you can have and still leave a 15% tip on the table without exceeding \$30 for the bill plus tip?

(Hint: $100\% + 15\% + 7.5\% = 122.5\%$)

Multiple Discounts

Suppose you are at a checkout paying for a \$120 item with discounts of 25% and 10%, with 7% sales tax. $\$120 \times 0.75 \times 0.9 \times 1.07 = \86.67 to pay at the checkout counter.

Answers : 1) yes; \$2.75 2) 17% 3) \$24.49